

GROWING GAUTENG TOGETHER: Vision, Priorities and Action Plans of the Gauteng City Regions 2019 to 2030

**Gauteng Disability Summit
26-27 February 2020**



GAUTENG
PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Growing Gauteng Together

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INTRODUCTION: SOUTH AFRICA, AFRICA AND THE WORLD

- The world is undergoing multiple transitions as a result of dominant mega trends such as demographic shifts, climate change, increasing levels of urbanisation and rapid technological change. Successful nations or states are those that will be able to anticipate and respond effectively to these trends.
- For instance, the world's population reached 7,7 billion in 2019. It is estimated that this figure will reach 8,5 billion in 2030, 9,7 billion in 2050. Half of the additional 2,0 billion people who may be added to the global population between 2019 and 2050, will come from countries of Sub-Saharan Africa (UNDP, 2019).
- Government's must therefore adopt adaptable and resilient long term plans and transformative policies that will meet the needs of the growing populations – food, energy, water, housing, health, education, jobs in an environmentally sustainable manner and in line with the demands of the fourth industrial revolution.
- Africa has adopted its transformative programme, Agenda 2063 which serves as a blueprint and master plan for transforming Africa into the global powerhouse of the future. Through the African Development Bank and other Development Finance Institutions (DFIs), Africa is putting resources aside to fund its transformative agenda. The signing of the Africa Continental Free Trade Agreement is by far the most significant development.
- South Africa adopted its national development Plan in 2012. The NDP has been updated with the recent additional commitments from the sixth democratic elections.
- Gauteng is the economic hub of South Africa, the seventh largest economy in Africa, the 26th largest urban regions in the world and the 6th largest urban agglomeration in the continent. It is both the financial and technological nerve centre of Africa.
 - Water
 - Energy
 - Skills supply
 - Freight and Logistics
 - Infrastructure

INTRODUCTION: OUR CURRENT STRENGTHS AND CHALLENGES

Gauteng City Region is the 26th largest urban region and industrial hub of RSA:

Industrial, Financial and Technological Hub of
Sub-Saharan Africa

Contributes **35%** to SA's GDP

42% to industrial output and **53%** to exports

7th largest economy in Africa

High Human Development Index and Steady
Improvement in Quality of Life



People living in GP in 2019

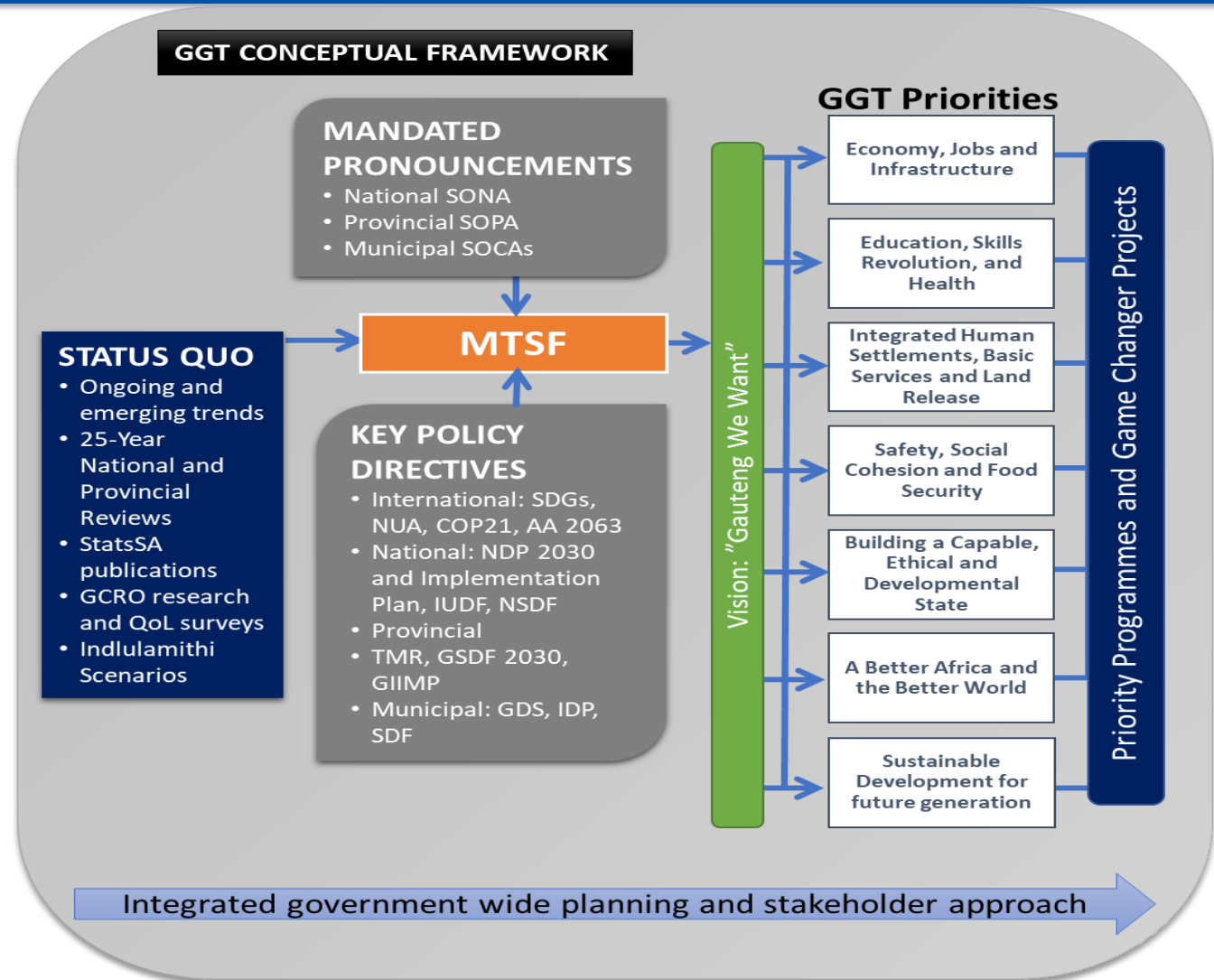
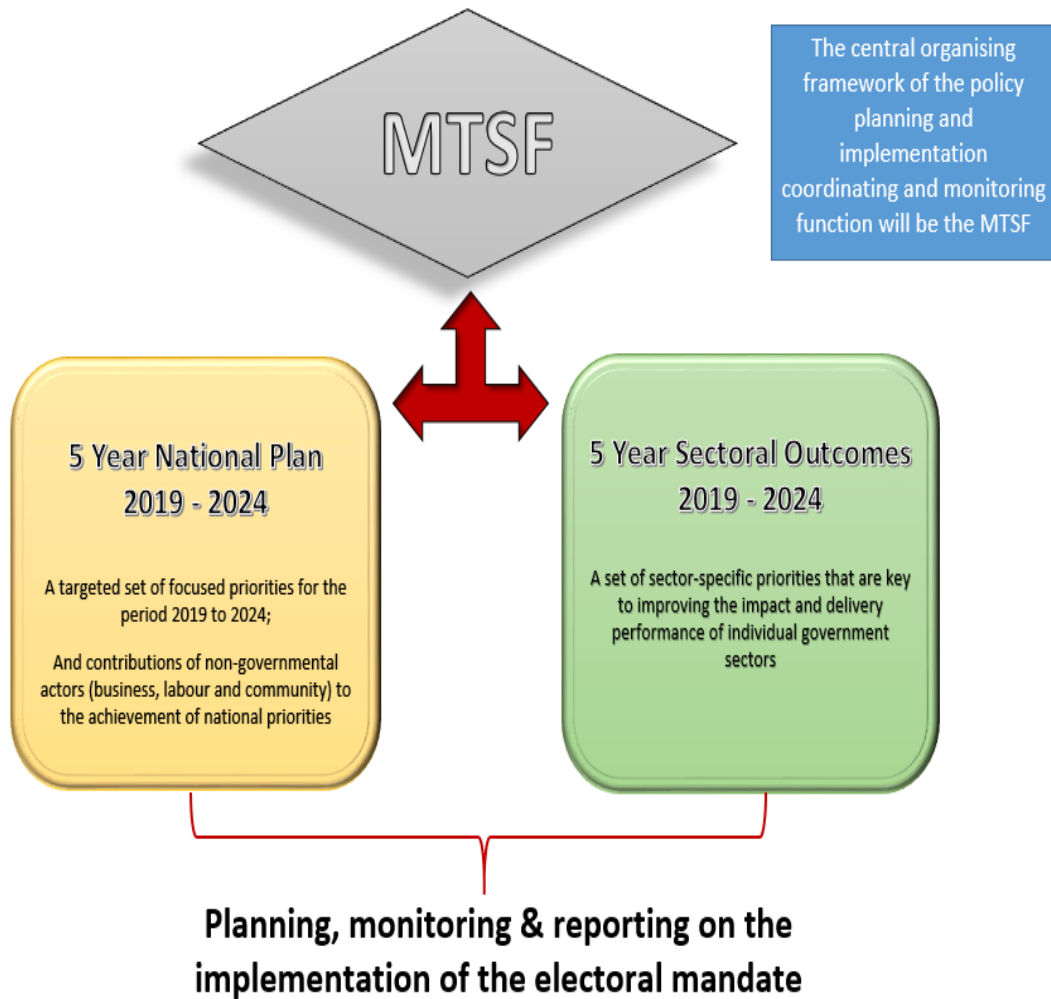
15,2 Million



Population by 2030

18 Million

GGT2030 = MEDIUM TERM STRATEGIC FRAMEWORK (MTSF)



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- GGT2030 responds to the global challenges that confront us, which are;
 - poverty and hunger;
 - Climate change;
 - Unsustainable growth and economic crisis
 - Migration;
 - Flight and displacement;
 - Health epidemics;
 - Inequality;
 - Social exclusion;
 - Lack of decent work and social protection;
 - Political instability, insecurity and violent conflicts;
- The GGT2030 - aligned to the 2019-2024 MTSF.
 - Sets out the provincial political strategic framework for 2020-2025 as a building block to 2030,
 - Makes specific commitments to implement the governing party's manifesto under the unique conditions of Gauteng.
 - Represents the One Plan One Vision for Gauteng, (DDM)
- As such, the GGT represents a social compact between provincial government and the people of Gauteng.

WHY A PLAN TO GROW GAUTENG TOGETHER

- The GGT2030 reflects a collective vision for the GCR of 2030, while also highlighting the priority actions we need to take in support of this future – alongside measures of success.
 - contribution of the fifth and sixth administration on the kind of Gauteng we want, learning from the work done by the previous four administrations.
 - sets out the vision for the Gauteng of 2030 – the Gauteng we want. It extends on the principles and priorities contained in the NDP, the Manifesto, work carried out to date as part of Gauteng’s Transformation, Modernisation and Reindustrialisation (TMR) programme, and our efforts to maximise the benefits associated with the province’s location within a wider city-region – the Gauteng City-Region (GCR).
 - guided by the following overarching policy, strategies, commitments and policy directives – amongst others:
 - At an international level, the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), the New Urban Agenda (NUA), the Paris Climate Agreement (COP 21), and the African Union’s Agenda 2063
 - At a national level, the Medium-Term Strategic Framework (MTSF), the Integrated Urban Development Framework (IUDF) and the National Spatial Development Framework (NSDF)
 - At a provincial level, the Gauteng Spatial Development Framework (GSDF) 2030 and the Gauteng-City Region Integrated Infrastructure Master Plan (GIIMP)
 - At a local level, Municipal Growth and Development Strategies, Integrated Development Plans (IDPs) and Spatial Development Frameworks (SDFs)

WHY A PLAN TO GROW GAUTENG TOGETHER

The GGT plan, evidenced based, therefore draws insights from government-wide planning, analysis arising from the work undertaken by-

- Statistics South Africa (Stats SA),
- Gauteng City Region Observatory (GCRO) and
- insights such as those shared within the Indlulamithi Scenarios 2030.
 - Work undertaken in respect of the latter has been reflected within three possible scenarios for South Africa, as we move towards 2030:
 - A South Africa torn by deepening social divides, daily protests and cynical self-interest – where unemployment is only somewhat reduced, while growth in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) averages 2.2% to 2030, challenged further by persistent currency depreciation and increasing government debt risk (Scenario ‘iSbhujwa’).
 - A demoralised South Africa, characterized by disorder and decay, GDP growth averaging 1.5%, periods of deep recession, rising income inequalities and high levels of unemployment (Scenario ‘Gwara Gwara’).
 - A South Africa that is characterized by growing social cohesion, economic expansion, and a renewed spirit of constitutionalism, with GDP growth averaging 4.5%, greater economic predictability, a significantly reduced unemployment rate by 2030, a positive debt rating and increased Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) (Scenario ‘Nayi le Walk’).

It is only through the collective effort of all who live, work in and care for Gauteng and its future, that we will be able to deliver on the last scenario, ‘Nayi le Walk’.

Therefore, interventions and priorities included within GGT2030 have been informed by the desire to build a future Gauteng aligned to the ‘Nayi le Walk’ scenario – while the content included here has also been shaped through a review of the various Gauteng programmes, strategies and plans that have come before, insights derived from delivery to date and our vision for the future.

MAJOR POLITICAL, SOCIAL, ECONOMIC TRENDS THAT DEFINE GAUTENG TODAY

Economic

Between 2008 and 2018, finance, share increased by 1.9 percentage points as highest average annual growth of 2.9%. Manufacturing share of sector contribution was reduced by 2.7 percentage points and recorded an average growth rate of -0.02%.

Unemployment rate in GP, increased by 6.3 percentage points between Q1: 2008 and Q1: 2019. Between 2008: Q1 and 2009: Q1, the employment level in GP increased by 555 000 (11,9%). Youth employment declined by 247 000 (-12.7%).

Social

Increased access to Basic Services and Infrastructure: 81%, piped water 91%, electricity 92%, sanitation 91% and refuse removal 83%.

Gauteng's public housing delivery programme providing decent shelter to close to 4 million people

Increased indebtedness and poor municipal governance threaten the sustainability of basic services and municipalities.

Health

Increase in life expectancy from 53 years in 2006 to 65 years in 2017.

Number of households who consult public clinics has increased from 59% in 2009 to over 63% in 2018.

Access to healthcare remains highly unequal and poor performance by the public health system, especially at primary healthcare level

Education

Drastic increase in the number of people with secondary and post-secondary education.

Improved educational performance in Grade 12 and significant modernization and investment in skills demanded by the economy.

There is a need to invest in the new skills required by the knowledge economy and the changing future of work

OUR VISION AS THE GAUTENG CITY REGION



A smart, seamlessly integrated, socially cohesive, economically inclusive City Region at the cutting edge of new Africa's industrialization with:

- ✓ with an innovation-driven, knowledge-based economy and sustainable industries – Africa's hub of the fourth industrial revolution and especially artificial intelligence;
- ✓ an accountable, responsive, transparent and clean government and an active citizenry.

Through strategic **public and private sector investment** in **five development corridors**, we are building a globally competitive Gauteng City Region which is a multi-tier and mega Special Economic Zone.

A catalyst for industrialization of neighbouring provinces – Limpopo, North West, Mpumalanga and Free State through **joint inter-provincial planning, investments initiatives and infrastructure delivery.**

THE GAUTENG WE WANT IN 2030

Priorities

Economy, Jobs and Infrastructure

Education, Skills Revolution and Health

Integrated Human Settlements and Land Release

Safety, Social Cohesion and Food Security

Building a Capable, Ethical and Developmental State

Building a Better Africa and the World

Sustainable development for future generations

The Gauteng of 2030

- the economy reflects the full diversity of the population and harnesses the full potential of all the people of our province
- everyone has a job that pays not only a minimum wage but a living wage
- businesses, big and small, thrive and prosper
- all residents have access to basic services and basic infrastructure to support their sustainable livelihood
- there is affordable and reliable high-speed internet connectivity
- there is an efficient, reliable, safe and affordable public transport that reaches every corner of our province
- there is no corruption

- everyone has access to quality healthcare
- everyone, young and old, has access to the kind of education that unleashes their full potential

- households have access to basic shelter
- a piece of land as an asset and a decent income
- all human settlements promote social cohesion and the integration of our people, regardless of race, colour or creed

- no one goes to bed hungry
- everyone feels safe and can walk the streets at any time, including women
- women enjoy their rights, free from all forms of patriarchy
- there is no racism, no sexism, no xenophobia no homophobia

- citizens take initiatives to improve their own lives, supported by a caring, activist and developmental state
- there is no corruption**

- the economy reflects the full diversity of the population and harnesses the full potential of all the people of our province
- there is no racism, no sexism, no xenophobia no homophobia

- the environment is protected and cared for by us, people

CROSS CUTTING FOCUS AREAS

- Women
- Youth
- People with Disabilities
 - 2024 Impact: Transformed, representative and inclusive economy which prioritises women, youth and persons with disabilities
 - 2024 Impact: All women, girls, youth and persons with disabilities enjoy good quality health care and better life opportunities
 - 2024 Impact: Human Dignity for Persons with severe disabilities, Women and girls' achieved through freedom of choice and decent living conditions
 - 2024 Impact: Better livelihood and opportunities for all women, youth and persons with disabilities
 - 2024 Impact: All women, girls, youth and persons with disabilities are and feel safe and enjoy freedom and a better life
 - 2024 Impact: A Gender, youth and disability responsive public service
 - 2024 Impact: A better Africa and World for all women, girls, youth and persons with disabilities

FIVE DEVELOPMENT CORRIDORS OF THE GCR AND THEIR COMPARATIVE ADVANTAGES

- The vision for the Gauteng we want in 2030 will be implemented along five development corridors that have distinct industries and different comparative advantages:
 - **Northern Corridor, The Capital of the Republic And the Hub of The Automotive Industry Manufacturing, Innovation, R&D, Aerospace And Defence Industries.**
 - **Central Corridor, Johannesburg is Africa’s Financial And Technological Nerve Centre And Pre-eminent Hub for Innovation, Research And Development.**
 - **Western Corridor, this is anchored around mining to include tourism, agri-business and agro-processing**
 - **Goal: Revitalise the economy of**
 - **Sedibeng - Southern Corridor, which has suffered significant de-industrialisation due to the collapse of the steel industry.**
 - **Ekurhuleni - Eastern Corridor and OR Tambo International Airport Hub into Africa’s largest Aerotropolis with advanced manufacturing and agro-processing capabilities as well as globally competitive logistics capacity.**

FIVE DEVELOPMENT CORRIDORS OF THE GCR AND THEIR COMPARATIVE ADVANTAGES

North: Tshwane

Automotive hub;
Innovation, R&D hub;
BPO; Agriculture and
agro-processing; Defense
and Aerospace.

Central: Johannesburg

Finance; ICT; Retail and
Business services;
Business Tourism;
Pharmaceuticals;

West Rand

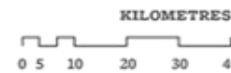
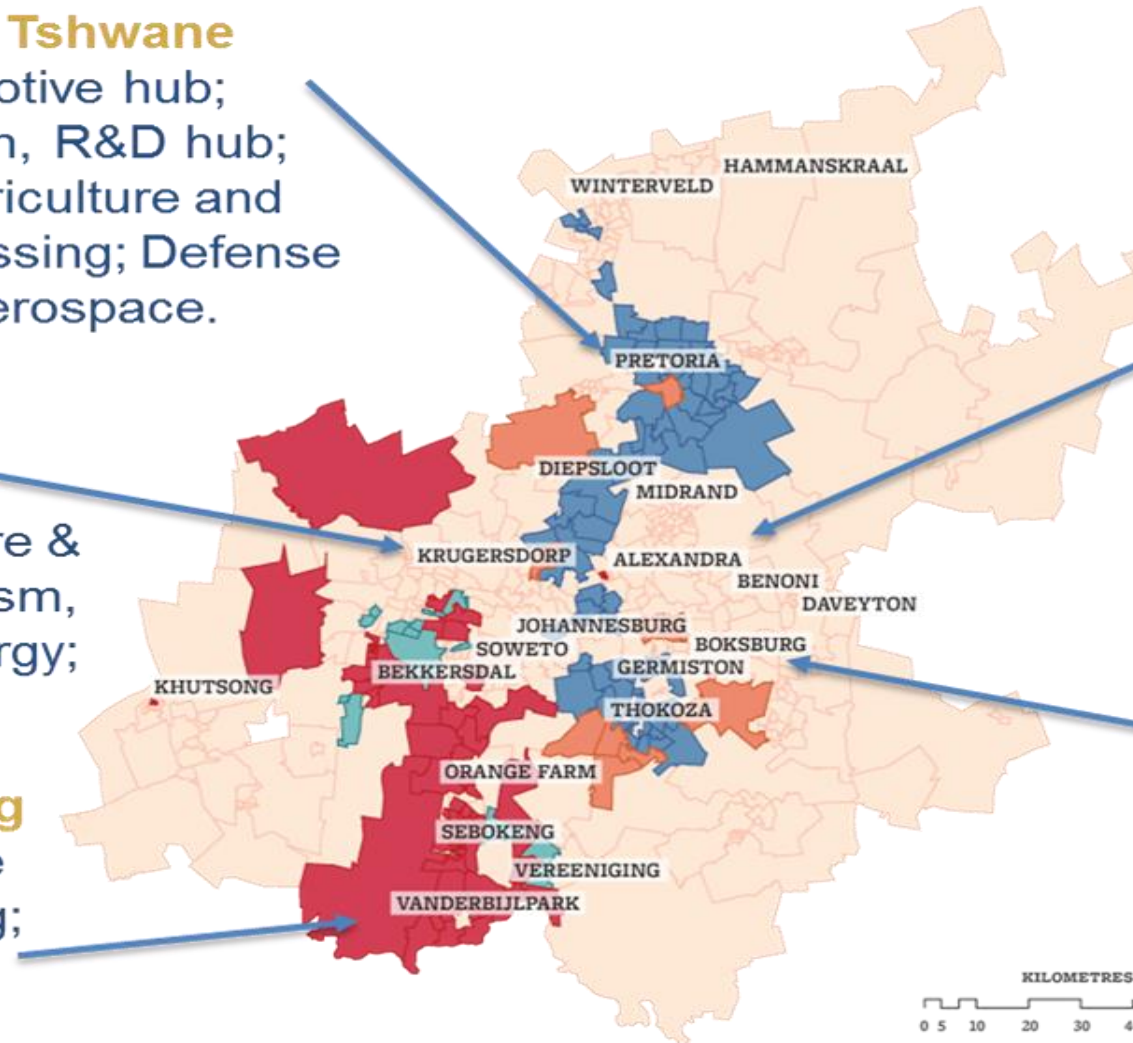
Mining & Mineral
beneficiation; Agriculture &
Agro-processing; Tourism,
Retail; Renewable Energy;

Southern: Sedibeng

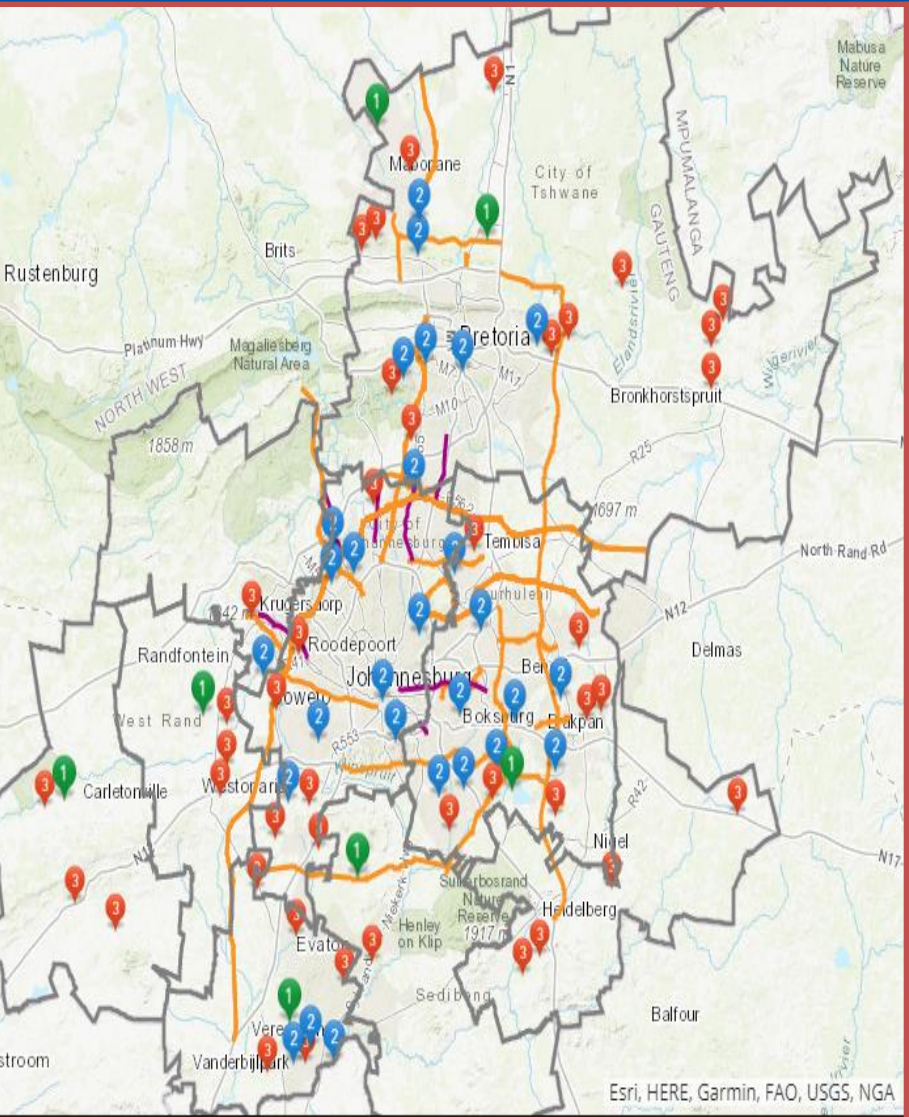
Tourism; agriculture
and agro-processing;
Logistics;

Eastern: Ekurhuleni

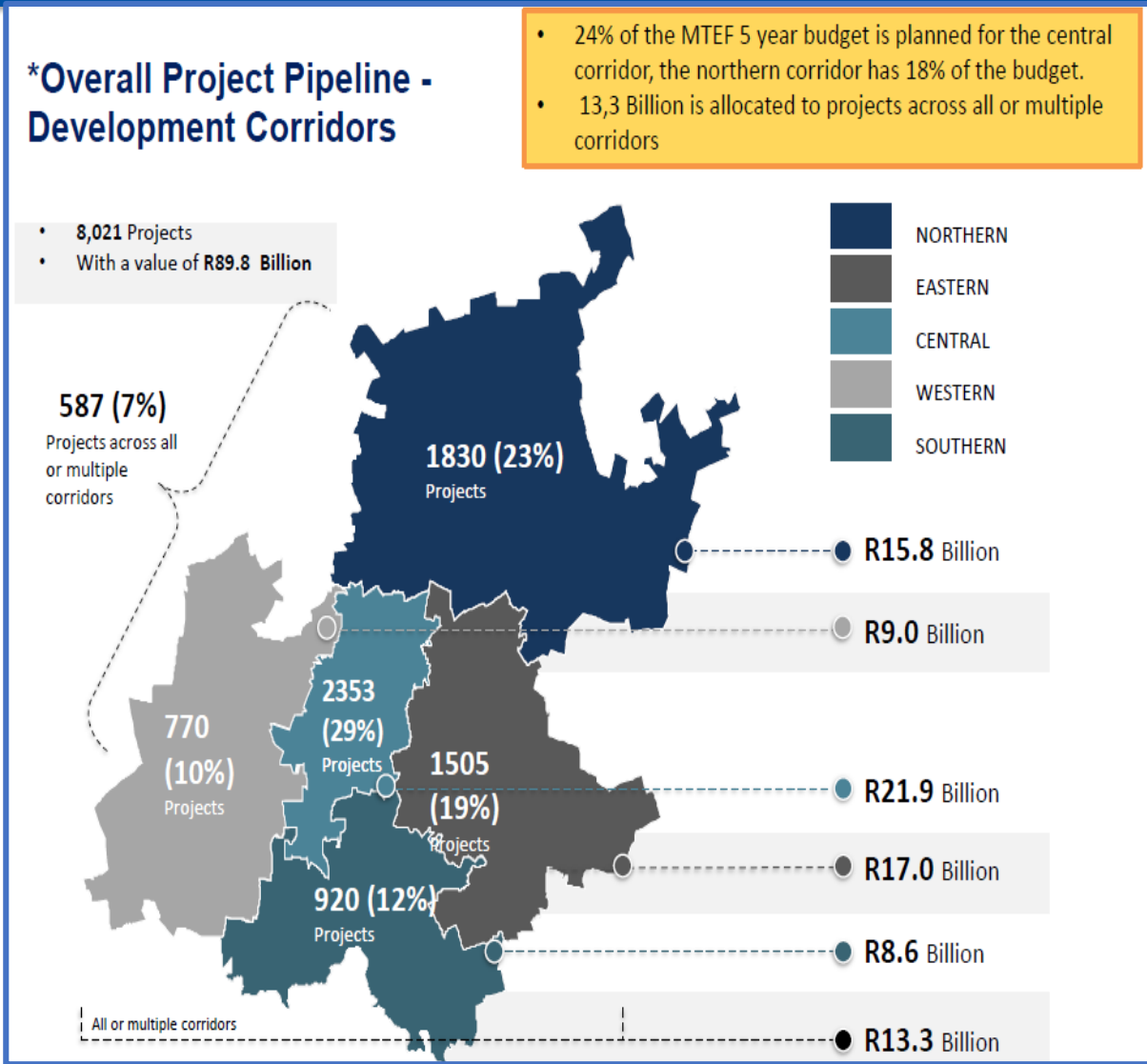
Advanced Manufacturing;
Food and Beverages;
Defense and Aerospace;
Transport and Logistics;
machinery & capital
equipment;



Proposed development for advancing spatial transformation vision in the five corridors



- Municipalities**
- Priority Spatial Development Proposals**
- 1 Agricultural production and agro-processing
 - 2 Integration priorities
 - 3 Regeneration of township and outlying settlements
- Priority Networks**
- Proposed BRT Extensions
 - Proposed GSRN priorities



OUR VISION AND PLANS FOR NORTHERN CORRIDOR OF THE GCR



Goal: Consolidate Tshwane's Position (Northern Corridor) as The Capital of the Republic And the Hub of The Automotive Industry Manufacturing, Innovation, R&D, Aerospace And Defence Industries.

The key catalyst is collaboration between the City, Province and National Government on a common vision for the Capital City:

- Automotive SEZ and High Tech SEZ;
- Consolidate and regenerate existing nodes (CBD, Centurion and Silverton);
- Develop new nodes (Menlyn and Rosslyn Auto City);
- Infrastructure investment to Revitalise Townships and create economic opportunities.

Together with the private sector, Government is unlocking more than R50 billion investment in key nodes to give effect to the vision of Tshwane Auto City over the next 7 years. Most of the projects are already underway. For instance, Automotive SEZ being launched on 05 November.

OUR VISION AND PLANS FOR CENTRAL CORRIDOR OF THE GCR



Goal: Consolidate Johannesburg's Position (Central Corridor) as Africa's Financial And Technological Nerve Centre And Pre-eminent Hub for Innovation, Research And Development.

- Significant developments taking place in Rosebank, Sandton, Midrand and Fourways;
- Inner-city regeneration has just started and will get a major boost with the release of more derelict building and the reconstruction of the Provincial Government Precinct;
- New private sector-led developments current being planned in the North (Lanseria Airport City) and South (Masingita, Afribizz, etc.);
- Revitalisation of townships.

Together with the private sector, we are unlocking more than R150 billion of private investments in Johannesburg over a ten-year period.

OUR VISION AND PLANS FOR WESTERN CORRIDOR OF THE GCR



Goal: Diversification of the West Rand economy (Western Corridor) mining to include tourism, agri-business and agro-processing

The focus of the joint initiatives are around tourism, agriculture and agro-processing and renewable energy projects:

- Working with Joburg, Mogale City and Tshwane on the development of Lanseria Airport City;
- Working with private sector investors and mining houses to develop an Agri-Industrial Park & Logistics Hub in Zuurbekom – N12 Corridor;
- Expansion of Busmark bus manufacturing plant and a cluster of several human settlements mega projects have brought in significant private sector investments in the area;
- Bulk infrastructure is the critical catalyst that will make all the developments gather momentum.

We are working with business to unlock R25 billion private sector investment in the next seven years.

OUR VISION AND PLANS FOR SOUTHERN CORRIDOR OF THE GCR



Goal: Revitalise the economy of Sedibeng (Southern Corridor) which has suffered significant de-industrialisation due to the collapse of the steel industry.

- The development of the Vaal River City and the Vaal University Village precinct to include:
 - Government Complex
 - Student accommodation and residences for staff.
 - The Agritropolis, tourism and revitalising steel industry manufacturing.
- The current intervention by the three spheres of government to rehabilitate sewer infrastructure and stop the spillage into the Vaal River is crucial for the development of this Corridor.
- We are currently working with several investors and developers to fast-track the Vaal River City development, AB InBev investment, steel industry manufacturers and VUT to unlock R20 billion investment as part of the process towards the Vaal Special Economic Zone.

We are working with National government, the private sector, SOEs and universities to direct infrastructure initiatives and human capital development interventions towards the same vision.

OUR VISION AND PLANS FOR EASTERN CORRIDOR OF THE GCR



Goal: Build Ekurhuleni (Eastern Corridor) and OR Tambo International Airport Hub into Africa's largest Aerotropolis with advanced manufacturing and agro-processing capabilities as well as globally competitive logistics capacity.

- We have built an Industrial Development Zone which will have agro-processing capacity and will also have jewellery manufacturing and mineral processing capabilities when it is completed.
- The expansion of Oliver Tambo International Airport by Airports Company SA is starting with a cargo terminal and will result in additional R38 billion investment over ten years.
- PRASA-Gibela rail manufacturing hub, Transnet's Tambo-Springs Logistics Hub and the development of fuel cell technology – another strong candidate for a Special Economic Zone;
- Major private sector developments are taking place around R21 corridor and the airport.
- A new OR Tambo University of Science and Technology will be established in the Aerotropolis Zone.

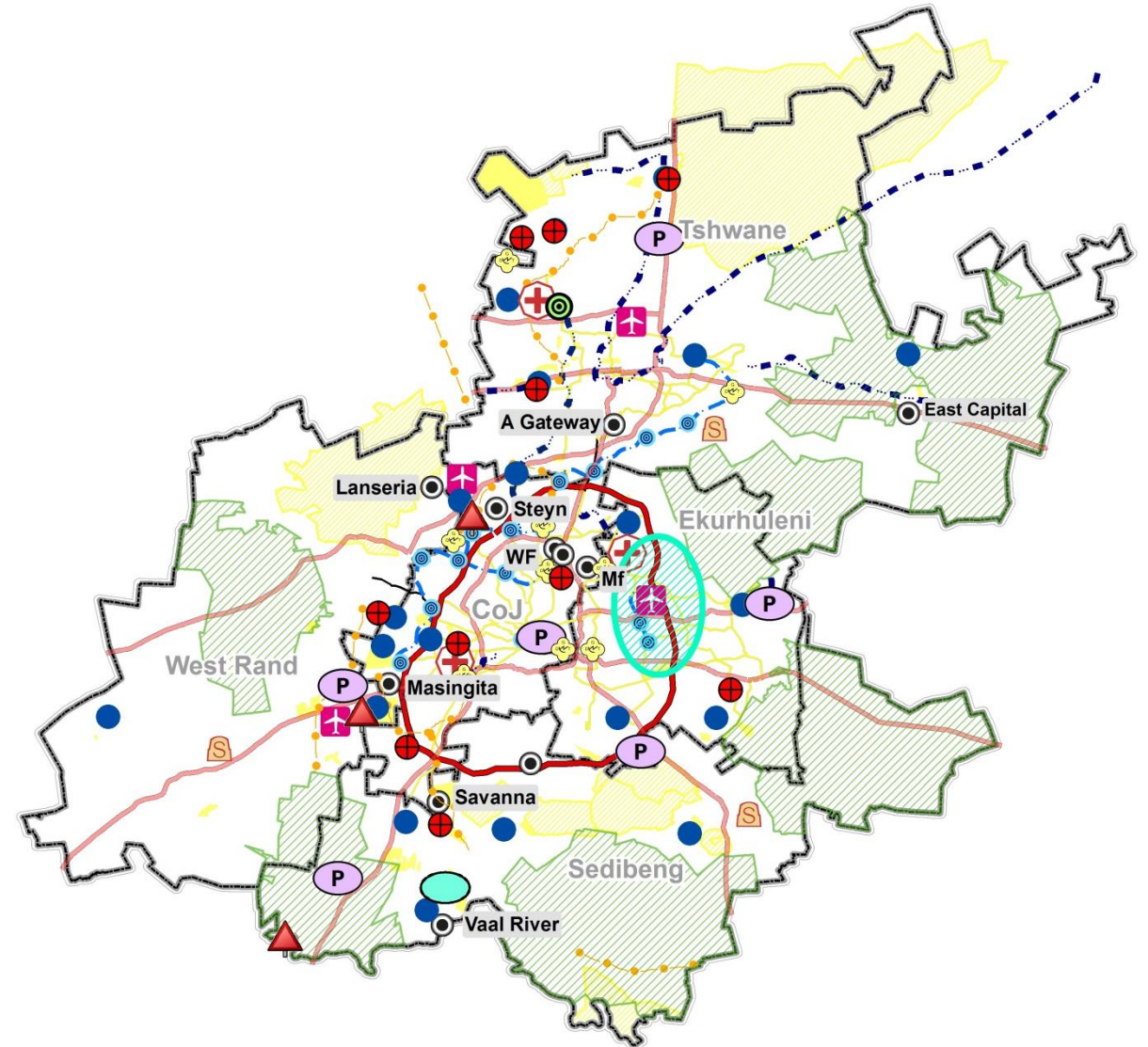
Over the next ten years, government, ACSA and the private sector will unlock over R100 billion of investment which will position OR Tambo International Airport as Africa's largest global aviation hub.

A growing, labour-absorbing, inclusive, innovative, sustainable and globally competitive economy

- Goals in growing an inclusive economy;
 1. Massively increase new jobs and and sustain existing jobs
 2. Deconcentrate, decentralise and empower new entrants into the Gauteng Economy
 3. Reindustrialize and increase exports into Africa and the major regions of the world economy
 4. Drive higher rates of investment into high growth sectors and the township economy
 5. Build an innovation ecosystem and modernize the Gauteng space
 6. Create an efficient, competitive and responsive infrastructure network

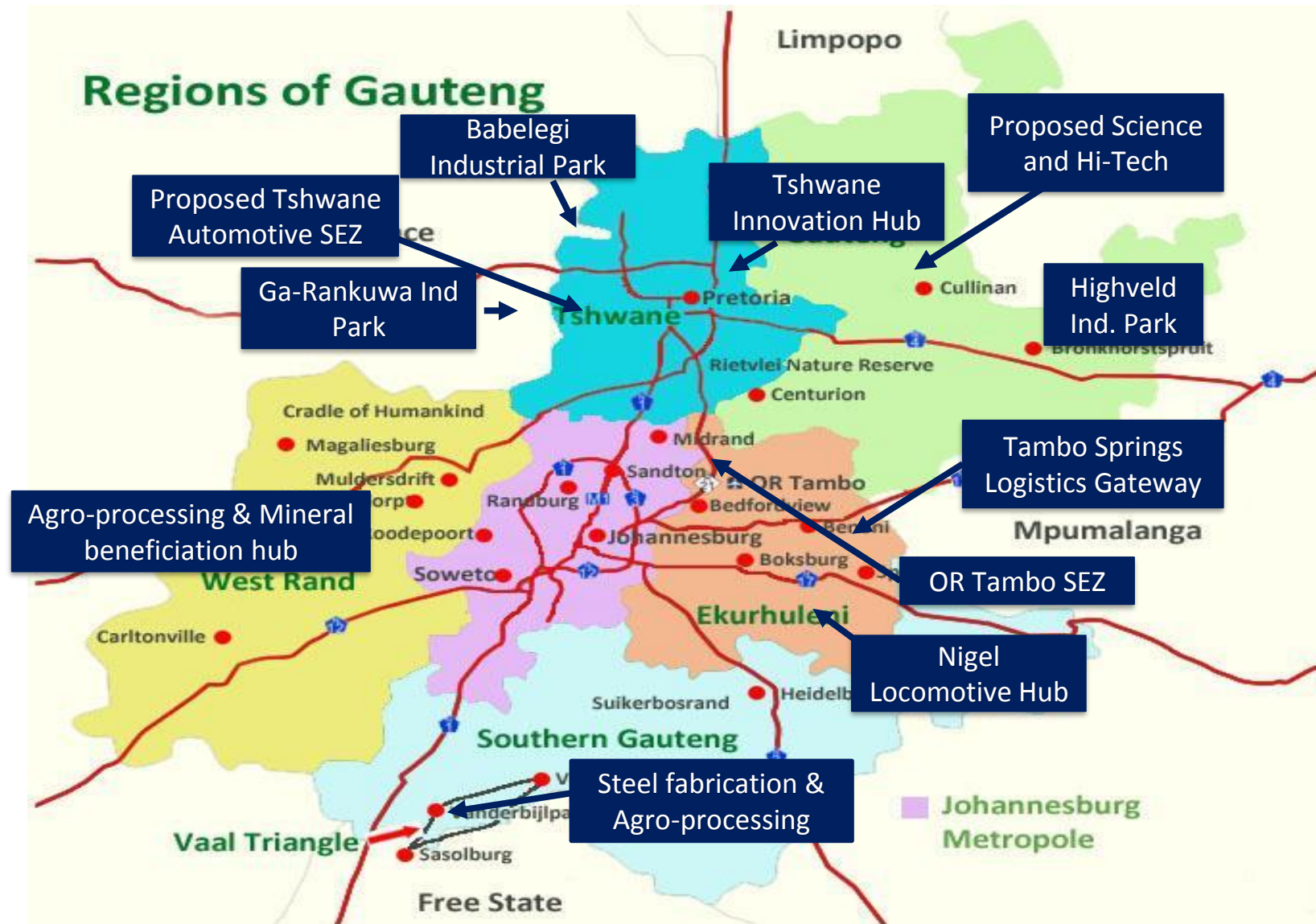
GCR APEX INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS

1. Gautrain Phase 2 - PPP
2. Gauteng Broadband Network Rollout – partnership with business
3. Kopanong Precinct Development - PPP
4. Bulk infrastructure for SEZs, new nodes, Township Industrial Parks and building Agri-Parks
5. Mega Human Settlements Projects
6. Aerotropolis Master Plan implementation
7. Roll-out and integration of BRT systems, new highways and maintenance of road network
8. Building of new smart schools and ECDs
9. Maintenance of hospitals and building of new clinics and hospitals
10. Township industrial hubs (refurbish and additional)
11. Safety and Sporting facilities as well as Heritage infrastructure
12. Energy and renewable energy
13. Water and Sanitation



THE ROADMAP TO THE MULTI-TIER, MEGA SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE IN THE GCR

- Development of Tshwane Automotive SEZ
- Development of the Science and High-Tech SEZ in Ekandustria
- Accelerated implementation of OR Tambo SEZ
- SEZ in Emfuleni, Sedibeng Region (Vaal Industrial areas)
- Development of West Rand Agri-industrial Park and Logistics Hub
- Tambo Springs Logistics Gateway
- Nigel Locomotive Hub
- Revitalization of the Babelegi Industrial Park
- Revitalization of Garankuwa Industrial Park
- Establishment of the Township Enterprise Hubs



National Priority	Economic transformation and job creation
GGT Priority	Economy, jobs and infrastructure
Targets	Annual economic growth increases to 3.5% or 5.4% until 2024 against the NDP target of 5.4%
Outcome	Create and efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network

Intervention	Measure of success
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Expand economic infrastructure development in support of the Gateway to Africa and as a critical enabler of labour absorbing Address spatial distortions in the GCR through coordinated and holistic planning that includes economic, infrastructure, social and spatial considerations - The development of Mega-human settlements across the province, i.e. Vaal River City and Lanseria City. Invest in tourism infrastructure Invest in agro-logistics infrastructure Expand the smart city interventions e.g. connect all schools, public health and other facilities to broadband, and ensure all communities have substantial broadband capacity Allocate 80% of EPWP participants to unemployed youth Support local manufacturing through mandating the State to purchase 75% of goods and services from local producers Secure industrial financing for productive economic sectors e.g. manufacturing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> R1.3 trillion invested in key infrastructure programmes aligned to the GCR's growing socio-economic demands in the following key sectors: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> water; energy; regional sanitation; freight and logistics associated with Aerotropolis; integrated public transport; e-government; modern social infrastructure; education, health and ECD infrastructure; transformative economic infrastructure within township areas.

National Priority	Economic transformation and job creation
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Intervention	Measure of success
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Transport and Road Infrastructure

- Establish a Gauteng Transport Authority to coordinate and integrate all modes of transport.
- Improve public transport services by optimising and integrating all transport modes in Gauteng - taxis, buses, Metrorail and the Gautrain.
- Bring affordable, reliable integrated public transport closer to residential and industrial nodes and improve the provincial road network.
- Taxi industry formalisation and subsidisation. Taxi ranks to be turned into economic transport nodes with shared ownerships between operators, business, youth and women.
- Improve the conditions and operations of major intermodal public transport nodes such as Mabopane station, Marabastad, Park Station, Bree Street Taxi Rank, Germiston Station, and Vereeniging

- Improved coordination and integration of all modes of public transport,
 - with affordable, reliable, safe public transport and improved public transport nodes linking residential, business and industrial centres, for improved access or all.
 - Completion of a new freeway (the PWV15), construction of a new Transport Services Centre, design and delivery of a BRT between Ekurhuleni and Johannesburg, expansion of the Gautrain Rail Network, and delivery of Intelligent Transport Systems that improve service delivery and allow for real-time communication and access to information on transport safety, traffic flows, incidents, fault reporting, and other specifics.

National Priority	Economic transformation and job creation
GGT Priority	Economy, jobs and infrastructure
Targets	Annual economic growth increases to 3.5% or 5.4% until 2024 against the NDP target of 5.4%
Outcome	Rigorously support the expansion and sustainability of SMME's

Intervention	Measure of success
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Launch the SMME fund to support the TER action plan • Address the domination of agriculture inputs by big business and the monopoly domination of agro-processing and food retail • Ensure that all SMMEs and township businesses contracting with the government are paid within 15 days • Empower a significant number of emerging black firms as a contractors and subcontractors, including women and youth owned 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • New eKasiLabs established in locations across each of the five corridors (Boipatong; Carltonville; Duduza; Diepsloot; Hammanskraal), expansion of the services offered at the nine existing eKasiLabs, and • improved connectivity across the GCR (with 80% of the population able to access the internet by 2024, supported by the roll out high-speed broadband access to deprived areas and our emphasis on last mile connectivity). • Goods and services procured from township businesses accounting for 30% of the GPG's procurement spend, with all SMMEs and township businesses paid within 15 days. • Continued on driving inclusive economic growth and meaningful economic opportunities for all, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • with specific focus on SMMEs, cooperatives, township businesses, black owned enterprises, and target groups (the youth, women and persons with disabilities) – supported by incubation programmes, improved access to funding and grants, access to market initiatives

National Priority	Education, Skills and Health
GGT Priority	Delivering quality education
Targets	Creating a Gauteng where everyone, young and old, has access to educational opportunities that support them in unleashing their full potential.
Outcome	Improved quality education, training and innovation

Intervention	Measurement of Success
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prioritising quality Early Childhood Development (ECD) and primary education, as educational foundations that will allow future generations to prosper. • Targeting the development of specialist skills aligned to existing and future economic opportunities, new frontiers in science, technology and innovation. • Building working partnerships with Gauteng’s network of universities, research institutes and innovation centres, to maximise the potential of future generations. • Ensuring safe, well-maintained and equipped health, education and skills development facilities. • Build a skilled and capable workforce to 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All children of school-going age have access to and participate in quality education. • Accessible, quality ECD services, the universalisation of Grade R, and a stronger Foundation Phase (Grade R to 3) – supporting learners in achieving functional numeracy, the ability to read for meaning, and a passion for life-long learning. • Inclusive schooling, with educational opportunities and facilities providing for all school-going learners, including those with disabilities, special educational and medical needs. • The establishment of accessible, quality technical schools in every district, alongside the launch of an additional 18 Schools of Specialisation – supporting the delivery of skills that match labour market needs. • A significant reduction in the number of children who are lost through the system between Grades R and 12. • In line with the demand for new skills – and the call for a skills revolution: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improved support for and quality delivery of training through the

National Priority	Education, Skills and Health
GGT Priority	Health
Targets	Implement the enabling legislative framework and create institutional capacity for NHI by 2024 to achieve universal health coverage for all South Africans by 2030
Outcome	Universal access to good quality health care for all South Africans achieved

Intervention	Measurement of Success
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Broadening access to quality public healthcare in areas of deprivation and resource scarcity. • Create a publicly administered NHI Fund • Roll out a health quality improvement plan in public health facilities and ensure that they meet the quality standards required for certification and accreditation for NHI • Develop and implement a comprehensive strategy and operational plan to address Human Resource requirements, including filling crucial vacant posts for implementation of NHI • Consolidate nursing colleges into one major college in each province and their curriculum re-oriented to bedside nursing • Reduce the burden of disease from TB 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Transform of public health care experience in Gauteng • Greater access to quality healthcare for all, with delivery supported via the roll out of the National Health Insurance (NHI) within the province, technology, and the involvement of other role-players such as non-profit organisations (NPOs) • 90% of clinics, community health centres, districts and regional hospitals meet the ideal clinic standards within 5 years (i.e. facilities that open on time, are patient-friendly and safe, and are supported by adequate medicine supplies and clean equipment. • 24-hour services provided across all 32 community health centres. • Eleven new primary health care centres fully constructed and operational, and construction of one new district hospital completed. • Delivery on HIV and TB 90:90:90 targets (90% of patients knowing their status; 90% of patients receiving treatment; 90% of patients with viral load suppressed).

National Priority	Spatial integration, human settlements and local government
GGT Priority	Integrated Human Settlements and Land Release
Target	<i>Facilitating access to social and economic opportunities through spatial transformation and the prioritisation of well-located, inclusive human settlements</i>
Outcome	A spatially just and transformed national space economy that enables equal access to social services and economic opportunities in cities, regions and rural areas

Intervention	Measurement of Success
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Delivering inclusive mega human settlements, supported by improved access to basic services and connectivity. Fast-tracking delivery on urban renewal projects and incomplete housing projects. Growing the affordable rental market. Enabling access to housing in the province. Targeting Rapid Land Release to support growth and transformation. Releasing unused government buildings and land for development, including the high-density 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A total of 128 803 housing opportunities created through the following programmes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 77 314 housing opportunities through the Mega Human Settlements Projects by 2023/2024 43 503 housing opportunities through the Legacy Projects by 2023/2024 7 986 housing opportunities created through the Social Housing Programme by 2023/2024 The development of Mega-human settlements across the province, i.e. Vaal River City and Lanseria City. the revival of and delivery on Urban Renewal Programmes in Bekkersdal, Alexandra, Evaton, Kliptown and Winterveld. we will see 15 hostels within the five regions converted into family units. we will see unused Government buildings identified for release. 100 000 serviced sites released as part of the Rapid Land Release Programme to

National Priority	Social Cohesion and Safe Communities	
GGT Priority	Safety, social cohesion and food security	
Targets	Sustainable land reform contributing to agrarian transformation and food security for all by 2030, 4,31 million vulnerable people benefiting from food security. (fix)	
Outcome	Significant reduction in poverty, inequality and unemployment	
Intervention	Measure of success	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Developing initiatives that target a significant reduction in poverty, inequality and unemployment such as the adoption of urban poverty elimination strategy, upscaling of Tshepo 1Million and welfare to work programme. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A 'single window' urban poverty and hunger elimination strategy implemented by 2030 – with improved targeting via a multi-dimensional, integrated approach. All formal ECD centres registered, with financial support provided to 1700 centres to support an extra 200 000 more children over the next five years (in addition to the 480 000 with access to ECD opportunities, especially in deprived communities). Expanded multi-dimensional support programmes for poor households – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> with food security programmes reaching two million food-insecure people by 2024, the school uniform programme reaching one million learners from poor households, seven million girl learners benefiting from dignity packs, 100 000 young women supported through the welfare-to-work programme, and EPWP programmes targeting poorer households – strengthening them with skills to access better economic opportunities. 	

National Priority	Social Cohesion and Safe Communities
GGT Priority	Safety, social cohesion and food security
Targets	Protecting those that are most vulnerable and growing a safer, more inclusive and equal Gauteng for all
Outcome	A Gauteng in which racism, sexism, xenophobia, homophobia and other forms of segregation are no longer tolerated, where all are treated equally

Intervention	Measure of success
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Creating a platform for youth ownership of our province through the co-production of social spaces – building sporting, arts, cultural and development opportunities. • Establishing a Gauteng that allows all to reach their potential, belong, and be free from all forms of discrimination. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fifteen ‘libraries of the future’ delivered (complete with improved infrastructure and integrated library, sports, heritage, arts and development facilities), 40 libraries enhanced as ‘hubs of connectivity’, and five new libraries constructed. • The culture of reading inculcated through 100 reading programmes implemented in hospital libraries, and 460 book trollies delivered to no-fee schools. • school sports and arts programme implemented across the province, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • with 2 250 schools provided with standardised equipment and attire; • 3 890 learners supported to participate in the National School Sports Championships; • 20 integrated holiday programmes and 150 “Legends” programmes in art and sports delivered; 30 Regional Premier’s Games hosted; • 3000 trainee practitioners supported in the arts, cultural, library and sport sectors. • Greater opportunities for communities to benefit from equitable access to sports and recreational facilities, with 40y sporting facilities constructed (with concentrated delivery in the West and South Corridors), and completion of the Bob van Reenen Stadium, Westbury’s ‘Operation Mabaleng’ (multipurpose sporting centre), and the NASREC precinct. • Gauteng positioned as the hub of Africa’s creative and cultural industries through, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the training of 350 DJs,

National Priority	Social Cohesion and Safe Communities
GGT Priority	Safety, social cohesion and food security
Targets	Reduction in all levels of crimes through the creation of a transparent and well-capacitated criminal justice system
Outcome	Strengthened criminal justice system, professionalised South African Police Service, and improved community participation in public policing

Intervention	Measure of success
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Improving policing and community safety efforts, with a particular emphasis on gender-based violence and supporting the rights of women, the youth, senior citizens, people with disabilities, military veterans and the lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex and queer (LGBTIQ) community. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Improved safety outcomes achieved through greater oversight of policing service delivery as carried out through the 142 police stations and Community Policing Forums (CPFs), <ul style="list-style-type: none"> training of 4234 CPF members, and increased police visibility, specifically in high crime areas. increase in the use of proactive joint operations through operation “Okae Molao” by all law enforcement agencies, integration of technological advancements and tools into safety efforts, an emphasis on priority crimes, and stronger coordination with the criminal justice sector. A 62.5% reduction in crime across the 40 priority stations within five years, with short-term emphasis on Langlaagte, Dobsonville, Ivory Park, Akasia and Kempton Park as the poorest performing police stations and policing precincts. Four quarterly GIPPS engagement sessions completed with 40 priority stations. School safety prioritised – with policing efforts targeting schools worst affected by gangsterism, violence and drugs. Psycho-social support provided to no less than 50 000 survivors of GBV, focus placed on

National Priority	A capable, ethical and developmental state
GGT Priority	Building a capable, ethical and developmental state
Targets	Automation, modernized delivery of targets
Outcome	Modernise the state and government

Intervention	Measure of success
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Building efficient and smart systems, processes and points of access that provide seamlessly integrated services across the province – with government functioning as ‘one’. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Transform and invest in modernization of the public sector service and the state, to journey towards our future scenarios. This includes, improving efficiencies, investing in smart and efficient digital public services in areas of revenue collection, payment of service providers within 15 and 30 days, delivery of education and health, library services, policing and monitoring of infrastructure projects. The Roll out high-speed broadband access to deprived areas and ensure last-mile 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Smart and efficient digital public services established, supporting improved delivery in areas such as, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> revenue collection, service provider payment, education, health and library services, policing, and infrastructure project monitoring. Improved use of smart technology and social media platforms for increased public participation and communication. Optimal procurement of goods and services by the GPG – with goods and services procured from businesses in townships making up 30% of the

National Priority	A capable, ethical and developmental state
GGT Priority	Building a capable, ethical and developmental state
Targets	Strengthened government capability to deliver on the developmental agenda
Outcome	Improved governance and intergovernmental and engagement with citizens

Intervention	Measure of success
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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Promoting a responsive, accountable, effective and efficient provincial and local public service. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Institutionalise Ntirhisano, government must work with and in communities on a regular basis to resolve their service delivery challenges • Focus on municipalities and national government to ensure there is timeous responses to issues raised by people • Strengthen actions towards removal of barriers that delay responses from provincial departments • Improving oversight and accountability to optimise government delivery • Utilize new technologies for citizen engagement • Driving meaningful two-way engagement with 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Greater alignment between municipal and provincial plans and strategies, in line with the District Delivery Model and provide support to municipalities in terms of the Back to Basics Programme, and assistance provided to struggling municipalities – with emphasis on ways in which to improve service delivery outputs and build efficiencies. • The move to a single-tier (metropolitan system) form of local government in Gauteng. • Improve IGR and ensure greater cooperation amongst all GCR-role-players on critical areas such as transport, infrastructure, environment, economy and human settlements – with this resulting in a coherent and ‘joined up’ approach to delivery. • Enhanced public participation process through the delivery of a more effective Ward Committee System and the Asset-Based Community Development (ABCD) model. • The resolution of all incomplete provincial projects across all municipalities implemented.
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National Priority	A capable, ethical and developmental state
GGT Priority	Building a capable, ethical and developmental state
Targets	A coherent and committed effort to reduce the incidents of corruption in the public sector by 50% by 2024 Elimination of qualified audits: National (19.6% to 10%), Entities (27.1% to 20%), Provincial (24.4% to 15%), Local Government (40.8% to 30%) by 2024.
Outcome	Honest and capable state with professional and meritocratic public servants

Intervention	Measure of success
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Building ethical governance and eliminating corruption. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Strengthen anti-corruption and integrity in the public service and encourage society at large to refrain from engaging in corrupt activities, working with Premier’s Ethics Advisory Council (Civil Society led governance structure) Improve investigation capacity towards increasing the number of cases that are successfully prosecuted. Improve the integrity of the public procurement system through the introduction of the Open tender Process Institutionalise ethics management at local government level through partnership with The Ethics Institute and Siemens Cooperative governance and Improve coordination <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prioritising a professional, performance-driven public sector for all of Gauteng, and eliminate corruption Invest in capacity to mitigate risks Sound Financial Management <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Improve audit outcomes for GPG institutions. Strengthen the capacity of GPG to collect and increase own revenue. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Public servants prohibited from doing business with the state. The introduction of new technological systems and efficiencies in the Open Tender System realised. Improved audit outcomes for GPG institutions. Improvements in GPG’s investigative capacity, which will lead to an increase in the number of cases that are successfully prosecuted. Through collaboration with the Premier’s Ethics Advisory Council, the establishment of a public service that adheres to anti-corruption measures, which delivers and behaves with integrity, and encourages society at large to refrain from engaging in corrupt activities. Implementation, oversight and coordinating machinery in the Office of the Premier enhanced to address government work appropriately, with primary focus placed on empowering and supporting women, senior citizens, people with disabilities, military veterans and members of the LGBTIQ community. The Military Veterans Programme intensified, with focus placed on mainstreaming these role-players into existing socio-economic and governance programmes. ADD RISK MIGATION MEASURE OF SUCCESS

National Priority	A capable, ethical and developmental state
GGT Priority	Building a capable, ethical and developmental state
Targets	Strengthen structures, policies and practices of intergovernmental coordination and provide necessary leadership
Outcome	Functional and integrated government
Intervention	Measure of success
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building active communities and partnerships as a basis for good governance. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enabling mechanisms implemented – empowering communities to participate in local government planning and development. • Rapid Response Teams (RRT) from across sectors and spheres implemented and capacitated, to support and unblock service delivery efforts. • The government communication machinery repositioned to achieve greater interaction, information sharing and feedback with the people of Gauteng.

National Priority	A better Africa and a better World
GGT Priority	<i>A Gauteng that supports a better region, Africa and the world</i>
Targets	By 2030, the diversity of Gauteng’s people will be reflected in the positive economic, social and cultural links that will exist between the city region, the wider region, the continent, and the world
Outcome	Building regional and continental networks, trade platforms and opportunities

Intervention	Measurement of Success
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building regional and continental networks, trade platforms and opportunities. • Showcasing regional and continental partnerships, and potential areas for collaboration. • Promoting regional FDI by Gauteng-based businesses in the interests of growing connectivity. • Identify and take advantage of trade opportunities and sign Twin City Agreements with other city regions • Partner with the BRICS Development Bank on the infrastructure investment initiatives • Support the African agenda for industrialisation and regional integration for sustainable and inclusive development • Cement the GCR as the gateway to Africa: R&D, trade, finance, logistics, business services, manufacturing, energy etc • Introduce SEZ, where feasible, to boost manufacturing, increase exports and employment, and add momentum towards turning Gauteng City Region into a single, multitier and integrated Special Economic Zone. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gauteng continuing to be a gateway to Africa and the world – with focus placed on promoting Africa intra-trade and building on the prospects of the AfCFTA, through actively supporting the re-industrialisation of the continent’s economy, boosting manufacturing capacity and increasing trade with African partners (GPG, 2019b). • Greater focus on opening opportunities for two-way economic engagement, networking and trade across the region, continent and beyond. • The promotion of greater diversification of exports to traditional and new markets, to support growth and employment creation in Gauteng.

National Priority	A better Africa and a better World
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Intervention	Measurement of Success
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National Priority	A better Africa and a better World
GGT Priority	<i>A Gauteng that supports a better region, Africa and the world</i>
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Outcome	Building regional and continental networks, trade platforms and opportunities

Intervention	Measurement of Success
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduce SEZ, where feasible, to boost manufacturing, increase exports and employment, and add momentum towards turning Gauteng City Region into a single, multitier and integrated Special Economic Zone. • Place a special focus on expanding foreign trade and achieving a stable, growing, and integrated economic region • Building regional and continental networks, trade platforms and opportunities. • Showcasing regional and continental partnerships, and potential areas for collaboration. • Promoting regional FDI by Gauteng-based businesses in the interests of growing connectivity. • Identify and take advantage of trade opportunities and sign Twin City Agreements with other city regions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Further facilitation support offered to Gauteng based firms and those firms whose headquarters are in Gauteng as they continue their efforts in extending their presence across the continent. • Gauteng’s role in relation to continental growth reflected in the size of investments made by Gauteng-based firms in other countries within the region, and in the size of the informal economy – with significant volumes of goods originating from Gauteng traded and transported across southern Africa.

National Priority	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
GGT Priority	Sustainable development for future generations
Targets	Environment, natural resources cared for, protected for sustainability
Outcome	Reduced vulnerability of key sectors to climate change Reduced waste disposal by landfill and improved state of ecological infrastructure

Intervention	Measurement of Success
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Intervention	Measurement of Success
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Promoting sustainable planning and development in the context of a rapidly urbanising region and growing population. • Proactively confronting climate change through management, mitigation and adaptation strategies. • Protecting, caring for and maintaining Gauteng’s natural environment and its critical biodiversity areas. • Managing environmental resources optimally in the context of growing scarcity. • Invest in capacity to preserve water and • The finalisation of a GCR wide energy company, to respond the demands and 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wetlands and flood prone areas protected from development. • Urban parks and open areas being conserved to promote green living. • low carbon footprint and improved environmental resilience, with focus placed on mitigation • combat GHG emissions across the province, including contributing towards the 42% reduction in total Greenhouse gas (GHGs) emissions by 2024 • 100% municipalities with disaster Early Warning Systems in place, through the establishment of the Gauteng City Region Disaster Management System • 33 air quality monitoring infrastructures rolled out. • Efficient and secure water management systems developed and maintained. • Efficient and secure water management systems developed and maintained.

SOCIAL COMPACTING IMPROVING COORDINATION

- The Growing Gauteng Together 2030 plan, outlines each set of priorities and the key projects under each priority that will be undertaken to achieve the Gauteng we want.
- Partnerships have been established with national & local government and State-Owned Enterprises (SOE's) on the investments they are making in the Gauteng space. We are also collaborating with the private sector as almost 80% of Gauteng's economy is linked to private sector, this includes a compact to invest in the growth and development of the Gauteng economy.
- The Premier chairs a **Cabinet Committee on Investment and Infrastructure** whose responsibility is to attract investment into the Gauteng economy, fast-track approvals by cutting red tape and providing catalytic infrastructure across the Gauteng City Region. All municipalities will now be **represented by their Mayors** in this Committee.
- The Committee will be an **investment and infrastructure Clearing House** that focuses on:
 - **Facilitate and coordinate** of major infrastructure projects and investment initiatives across the GCR;
 - **Prioritise** projects that have major impact on jobs, spatial reconfiguration and economic transformation;
 - **Monitor** the implementation of investment initiatives and infrastructure projects
 - **Improve the pace and quality of delivery** through the resolution of blockages, removing red tape and settling disputes.
- The Premier will convene the Gauteng City Region **Annual Investment Meeting** ahead of the President's SA National Investment Conference and Africa Investment Forum. Over the next three years, this Southern Africa-Europe CEO Dialogue will be repositioned as part of the investment drive of the President and the Premier.
- In the next five years, the Provincial Government will spend **R60 billion** on infrastructure development, while Gauteng municipalities will spend **R40 billion**. National government and State-owned enterprises will spend **R100 billion** on infrastructure in Gauteng province. Currently, there are private sector investment projects worth R300 billion in Gauteng. Government **budgets will be directed towards catalysing private sector investment and socioeconomic transformation**

REFLECTING THE VISION 2030: MAPPING THE FUTURE 2055

- GGT2030 charts a map for the period ahead. It outlines a set of priorities and interventions that will be undertaken, to address the challenges confront our societies thus creating the Gauteng of our dreams, which is:

A seamlessly integrated, socially cohesive, environmentally sustainable and economically inclusive GCR – a place of opportunities, supported by a growing economy, smart, innovation-driven and sustainable industries, an accountable, responsive, transparent and clean government, and a healthy, active, capacitated citizenry.

- To deliver on a Gauteng of 2030 that meets the hopes and aspirations of all who live here, we will need the support of everyone – including role-players across all spheres of government, our partners in the private sector, civil society, and each member of the GCR. It is only through growing Gauteng Together that we will deliver on our commitments. As such, GGT represents a social compact between provincial government and the people of Gauteng.
- We invite all within the GCR and beyond to participate and collectively build o this vision, in the interests of delivering prosperous, people centered society for Gauteng, South Africa.

“Balanced, Polycentric Provincial Spatial Form”

Essentially, GSDP 2030 is set to (i) direct, guide, focus and (ii) align, coordinate and harmonise all public infrastructure investments and development spending in the province, in accordance with a spatial development logic built on ensuring rapid, sustainable and inclusive provincial economic growth, township redevelopment, and decisive spatial transformation in priority areas, in support of GGT



GSDP 2030 puts forward the concept of a **Balanced, Polycentric Provincial Spatial Form** as the desired structure for Gauteng City Region where strong and resilient nodes enjoy mutually beneficial exchanges of goods and services, and movements of people.

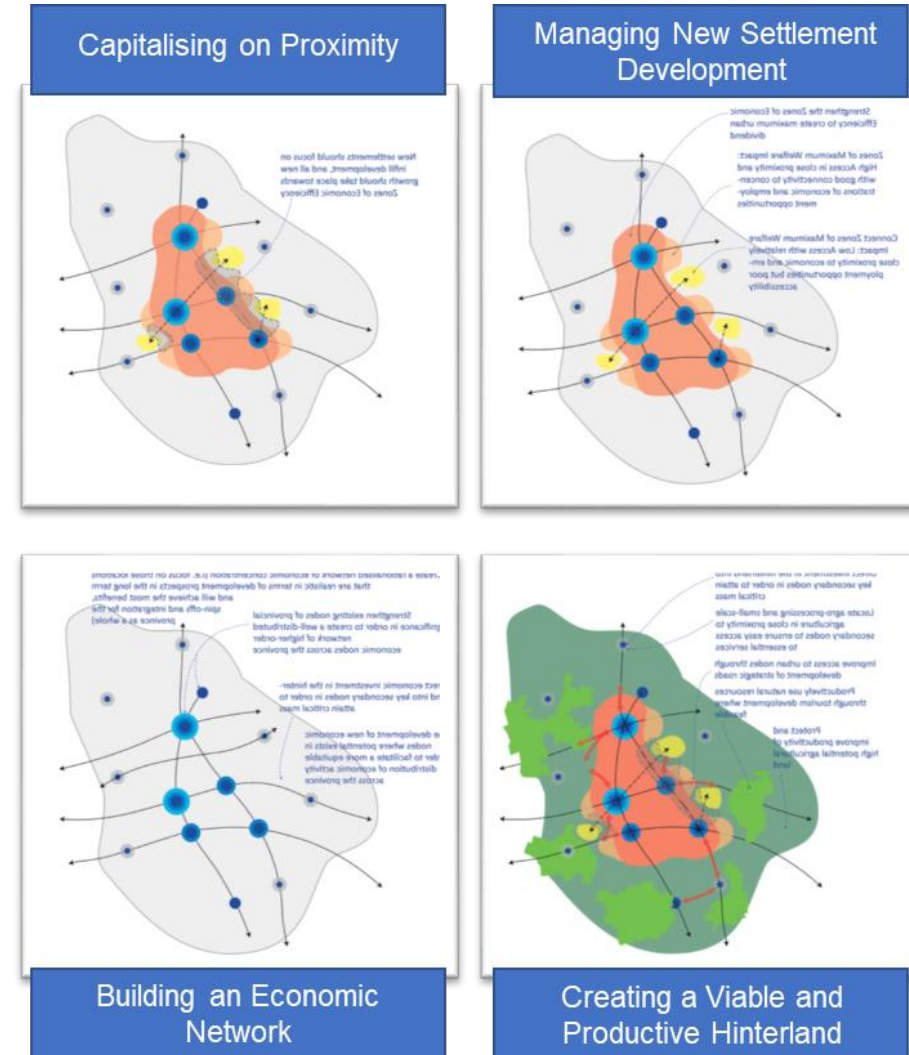
These interactions result in an integrated system in which the polycentric whole is larger than the sum of the individual parts.

GSDP 2030 as basis for coordination, integration and alignment of provincial responses linked to space

Desired Spatially Transformed Gauteng: Balanced Polycentric Spatial Form

The spatial logic underpinning the “Balanced, Polycentric Provincial Spatial Form” recognizes that decisive spatial transformation necessitates:

- Maintaining and deepening economic productive capacity of areas where provincial economy is concentrated
- Pursuing densification, diversification and integration in those areas where a significant part of the provincial economy is concentrated
- Focusing township redevelopment, including nodal and corridor development, in townships where most people live, that are most accessible and connected via public transport to the economic core areas
- Enhancing public transport connections with townships where fewer people live with poorer economic accessibility is poorer, also focusing on skills development and supporting local economic development initiatives.
- Protecting areas that provide key environmental support services, are environmentally sensitive, formally demarcated conservation areas, high agricultural potential, have potential for eco-tourism and rural economic activities.



CONCLUSION



- ❑ The GGT2030, represents the contribution of the fifth and sixth administration learning from the work done by the previous four administrations on the kind of Gauteng we want which is:
 - ❑ A seamlessly integrated, socially cohesive, sustainable and economically inclusive GCR – a place of opportunities, supported by a growing economy, smart, innovation-driven and sustainable industries, an accountable, responsive, transparent and clean government, and a healthy, active, capacitated citizenry.
- ❑ The successful implementation and realization of our plan GGT2030, is the resourcing of the priorities
- ❑ Gauteng City Region is major economic hub whose progress and success will have a major catalytic impact on the economy of our country and Sub-Saharan Africa. We cannot afford to be complacent or to fail.
- ❑ We have a sound vision and strong leadership that is keen to bring all stakeholders and players together around building a globally competitive, inclusive, smart and sustainable City Region that is at the centre of driving Africa’s industrialisation and economic integration.
- ❑ Our aim is to contribute 50% to President Cyril Ramaphosa' s investment target of US\$100 billion over the next five years (R750 billion). The Premier will lead this investment drive, together with the Mayors, CEOs of Gauteng-based companies and State-owned enterprises.
- ❑ We have infrastructure and investment projects – both public and private sector – **worth R500 billion** over the 5-7 years. We want to attract an additional R200 billion of foreign direct investment over five years. Our main task of aligned and properly coordinated to achieve the shared vision and objective of Growing Gauteng Together, GGT 2030.
- ❑ The Southern Africa-Europe CEO Dialogue is an important platform to mobilise the investor community towards a common understand of the opportunities and common action to unlock investment to grow South Africa and SADC region.

Let us Grow Gauteng, South Africa and Africa Together!

